JAAD Game Changers*: Racial disparities in melanoma survival



*A game changer is a short narrative stating how an article that originally appeared in *JAAD* changed the game of dermatology. **NOTE:** The Game Changer author is not the original author of the article. Please see the reference section for the original author information.

Eden Lake, MD La Grange Park, Illinois

Capsule Summary

- Melanoma incidence is climbing without a decrease in mortality.
- White patients make up the majority of patients with melanoma, but minority counterparts have worse survival outcomes and are given a diagnosis at later stages.
- The disparities in health outcomes for minorities present a need for more awareness among providers to improve survival.

How did this article change the practice of dermatology?

Although melanoma is often considered a disease of white patients, minority patients are diagnosed later in their disease course and have worse survival. This points to the need to increase awareness and education in these minority groups.¹

Funding sources: None.

Conflicts of interest: None disclosed.

Correspondence to: Eden Lake, MD, Loyola University Medical Center, Medicine, Division Dermatology, 321 N La Grange Rd, La Grange Park, IL 60526. E-mail: Eden.Lake@lumc.edu.

© 2019 by the American Academy of Dermatology, Inc. https://doi.org/10.1016/j.jaad.2019.11.056

REFERENCE

 Dawes SM, Tsai S, Gittleman H, Barnholtz-Sloan JS, Bordeaux JS. Racial disparities in melanoma survival. J Am Acad Dermatol. 2016;75(5):983-991.